

# 2011 "VOLUNTEERS WORKING WITH INVASIVES" GRANTS REPORT FORM

# **Display Report**

#### PROJECT BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Mid-Columbia River National Wildlife F Management with Volunteers	Lefuge Complex Invasive Species Mapping and
1	
Toppenish NWR	
Shannon Ludwig - 509-865-2405	
ultimately control invasive species on Yakima Nation managed lands. We for priority species and Early Detection/ An important element in this project? Volunteer outreach was conducted the Society, and Heritage University. In a Corps assisted with this project. A biolead this project. The survey method Management Program. The surveys was found, a waypoint was entered in were later placed on an aerial map, we properties. In addition to the GPS was form was completed for each patch for weed species, specify the date of the and population distribution, identify the written description, and draw a hand	life Refuge Complex proposed to survey, map, and Toppenish National Wildlife Refuge and adjacent cused on 19 different invasive plants identified as Rapid Response species in Yakima and Klickitat counties. It is success was the involvement of local volunteers. Tough USFWS volunteers, Yakima Valley Audubon didition, the Toppenish Refuge Youth Conservation tech/volunteer coordinator was hired for eight weeks to was provided to us by Yakama Nation Wildlife Resource were conducted on foot. When an invasive plant patch ato a GPA unit marking its location. These waypoints hich provided an overview look at the condition of the provint, a photo was taken of the area and a survey rund. The form required the surveyor to identify the visit, estimate the population area, cover of infestation, he plant community, state accessibility, provide a map of the site. All of this information was organized in easy access to the information during treatment.
Common Name	Scientific Name
Bull thistle	Cirsium vulgare
Canada thistle	Cirsium arvense
Scotch thistle	Onopordum acanthium
Russian olive	Elaeagnus angustifolia
Russian knapweed	Acroptilon repens
Medusahead	Taeniatherum canput-medusae
Yellow flag iris	Iris pseudacorus
	Management with Volunteers  1  Toppenish NWR  Shannon Ludwig - 509-865-2405  The Mid-Columbia River National Wild ultimately control invasive species on Yakima Nation managed lands. We for priority species and Early Detection/ An important element in this project? Volunteer outreach was conducted th Society, and Heritage University. In a Corps assisted with this project. A biolead this project. The survey method Management Program. The surveys was found, a waypoint was entered in were later placed on an aerial map, w properties. In addition to the GPS way form was completed for each patch for weed species, specify the date of the and population distribution, identify the written description, and draw a hand a data base and in binders to provide  Common Name  Bull thistle  Canada thistle  Scotch thistle  Russian olive  Russian knapweed  Medusahead

	Purple loosestrife	Lythrum salicaria
	Perrneial pepperweed	Lepidium latifolium
Project Status:	Completed	
Project Completion Date or Estimated Completion Date: (mm/dd/yyyy)	09/30/2011	

#### **VOLUNTEER INFORMATION**

Volunteer Affiliation: (Check all that apply)	VA_Other
Volunteer Involvement: Describe the type of work the volunteers performed. (Up to 150 words)	Volunteers located target weed species and used GPS units to record locations. Volunteers completed data sheets for each weed location and also took digital photos.
Total Number of Volunteers:	8
Total Number of Volunteer Hours:	395
Partnerships: List both new and existing partnerships utilized in this project. (Up to 150 words).	Toppenish NWR partnered with the Yakama Nation to locate, map, and treat weed locations on both the refuge and adjacent Yakama Nation lands.

#### **PROJECT RESULTS**

Project Results: Give an overview of the results of the project. Include quantifiable measure of success, such as maps produced, efficacy of control measures, number of sites where invasions were detected early and responded to, number of community contacts, etc. (Up to 250 words).	Our surveys covered about 900 acres of Toppenish National Wildlife Refuge land and about 750 acres of Yakima Nation Wildlife Refuge land. The biotech/volunteer coordinator worked 320 hours on this project. Volunteers contributed an additional 75 hours and the Youth Conservation Corp worked 40 hours. Nine different weed species were found. These include bull thistle, Canada thistle, scotch thistle, Russian olive, Russian knapweed, medusahead rye, yellow flag iris, purple loosestrife, and perennial pepperweed. Overall, 640 individual weed locations were found. Some of the weeds found have already been treated and steps have been made to treat additional weed locations. Refuge staff will continue with weed treatment and post treatment monitoring for several years.
Number of Acres Treated:	80
Number of Acres Inventoried and/or Mapped:	1650
Number of Acres Restored:	0

## **BUDGET INFORMATION**

**Budget:** Account for funds in broad categories such as equipment, volunteer stipends, travel, coordinator salary/contract, etc.

Total Grant Amount:	<b>\$</b> 12450
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## **Breakdown of Expenditures:**

Category	Total \$ Spent	% of Total Grant
Equipment / Supplies	2032	16
Chemical	6594	53
	1	

Biocontrol Agents		
Travel		
Volunteer Stipends	3824	31
Volunteer Coordinator Salary/Contract		
Restoration Materials		
Other		
TOTAL	12450	100

Recommendations: (OPTIONAL)	Recommendations: (OPTIONAL)
How useful was this program for meeting refuge	How useful was this program for meeting refuge
invasive species objectives and how can it be improved?	invasive species objectives and how can it be improved?

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